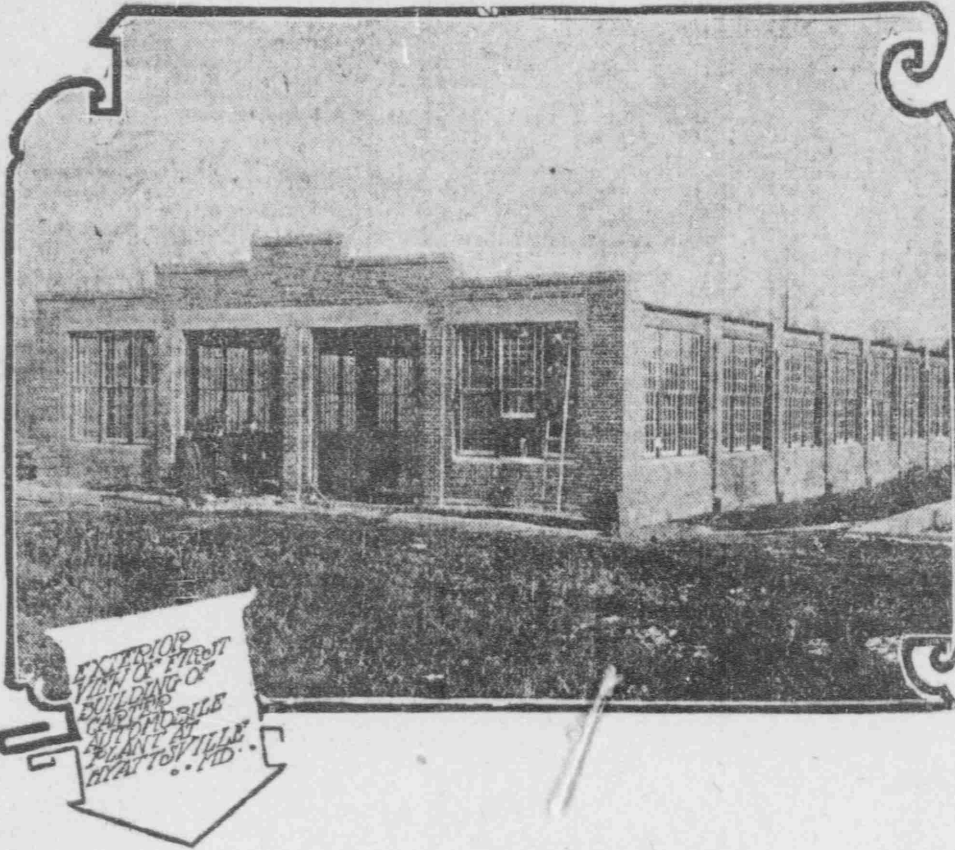
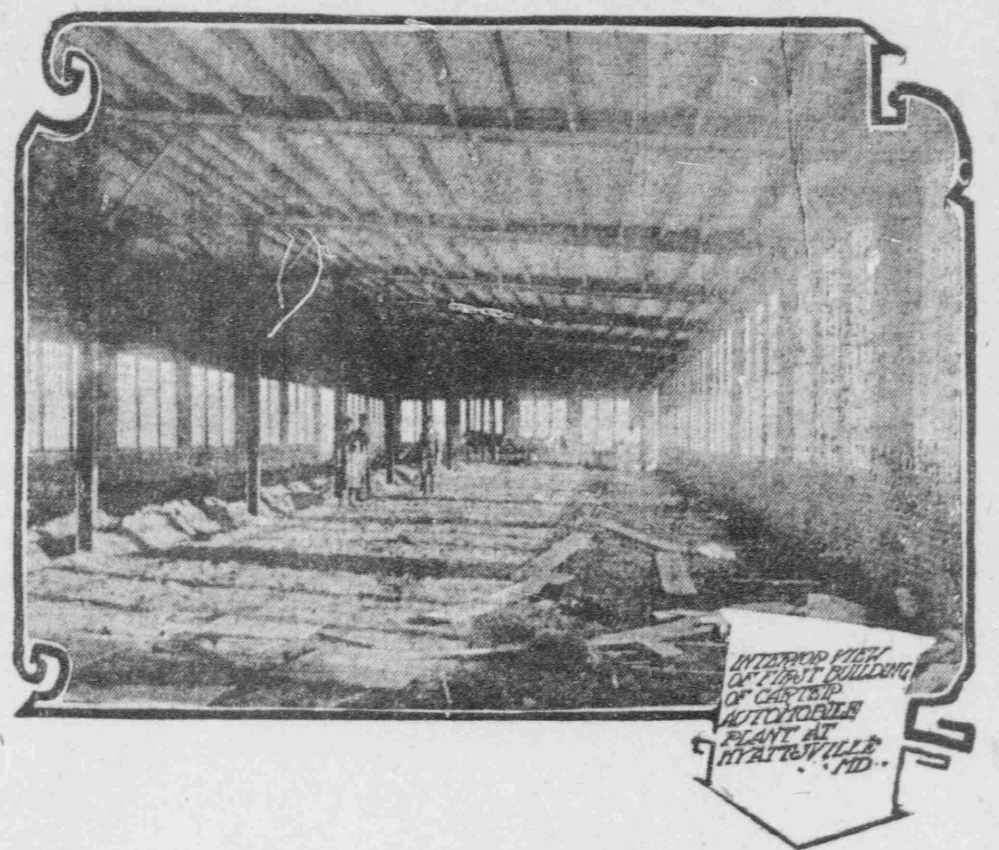


60,000 SHARES DONATED

For the Immediate Completion of Two Adjoining Factory Buildings, at Hyattsville, Md., and to Put the Company on a Good Dividend Paying Basis at an Early Date.



Mr. Howard O. Carter, Patentee of the Carter Twin-Engine Car, and owner of one-eighth interest in the Carter Motor Car Corporation, has donated 60,000 shares of his personal stock.



THIS donation is to be distributed as follows: For every share of stock purchased of the Carter Motor Car Corporation at \$2.00 per share, either cash or installment, Mr. Carter will give three shares of his stock with each share purchased. For instance, the purchaser of one hundred shares will receive three hundred shares of this donation stock, making four hundred shares in all, or \$800 worth of stock. This sixty thousand shares donated will apply to twenty thousand shares of company's stock, and when this amount is subscribed, stock will be advanced to \$5.00 per share; and upon the completion of the factory, stock will be withdrawn from the market.

Call and secure special subscription blanks at office and let us take you out to the plant in one of our automobiles.

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NORTHERN AID IS INVOKED

Bishop Walters Promises Negro Support in Return.

Comments on Republican Helplessness to Suppress Lynching and Stop Disfranchisement.

The principal addresses of last evening's session of the bishops of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church were delivered by Bishop Alexander Walters, who discussed disfranchisement, the Jim Crow law, and the Brownsville affair, and Bishop Elias Cottrell, who spoke on "Self-help in the South," describing efforts of negroes in Mississippi to establish and maintain educational institutions.

Bishop Walters' address was the feature of the occasion. Reference to the Brownsville affair and his plea for the commendation and endorsement of Senator Joseph Benson Foraker received enthusiastic applause. Among other things, "We are here to protest against injustice of all kinds; to devise plans to overthrow the separate coach law. We are here to devise plans to regain the lost ballot in the Southern States where we have been robbed of it. We must fight disfranchisement to the bitter end."

"We are here to say to any party in the North, that if you will see to it that conditions are changed in the South, we will help you to power in the North. We ask not for cents or dollars this time, but for our civil and political rights."

"Call off the lynchers—the Republicans say they are powerless to do it—and we will support you. Use your influence to restore to us in the South the lost ballot—the Republicans declare that they cannot do it—and we will support you. Remove the stigma of the Jim Crow car—the Republicans say that they cannot do it—and we will support you."

Bishop Cottrell told of herculean efforts put forth by the negroes of the State of Mississippi to provide for themselves ample school facilities in lieu of the meager facilities afforded by the State government.

"I am no coward. I have never advised my people to come North. I have the utmost contempt for that class of negro leaders who would compromise their race for a few dollars."

"I don't come to the District of Columbia or go to New York to say these things, but all over the South. I have spoken my sentiments and raised my voice against outrages committed against negroes."

"The more negroes truckle to white people and compromise their race for a few dollars and a smile—while they may get the dollars and the smiles—they invariably fall to win the respect of white people. Let the standers say what they will, let the croakers croak—I mean to do my duty for my people as I see it and trust God."

Other addresses were delivered by Bishop Evans Tye of the A. M. E. Church; G. W. Clinton, A. M. E. Zion Church; C. H. Phillips, of the C. M. E. Church, and C. S. Smith, of the A. M. E. Church.

The negro must learn he is a man like other men, and ask no special favors on account of race or color," declared Bishop J. W. Hood, of Fayetteville, N. C., senior bishop of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church, in addressing the bishops at the morning session in the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal Church.

At the opening services an invitation

from the president of Howard University was read, inviting the council to visit the institution in a body.

"I am in favor of education," said Bishop W. B. Derrick, "but I did not come here to visit schools. We have too much work to do, and I cannot see how we can accept such an invitation."

Several prelates took issue with the bishop from New York, and the convention was thrown into confusion. A motion passed after an hour's debate accepting the invitation and appointing Monday at 2 o'clock as the time to visit the institution.

NAVY TO RESCUE SAILOR.

Auxiliary Ordered to Pick Up Frederick Jeffs, a Modern Crusader.

Secretary of the Navy Metcalf yesterday approved the recommendation of Rear Admiral John E. Pillsbury, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, that one of the auxiliaries with the battle-ship fleet be sent to the Galapagos Islands, off the coast of Ecuador, to rescue Frederick Jeffs, an American sailor, who is supposed to be living alone on the island.

Jeffs was on a Norwegian sailing vessel wrecked near the islands, and the captain and crew of the vessel made their way to Indefatigable Island, one of the group, in a small boat. The Norwegian consul at Guayaquil organized a relief expedition, which took all of the castaways off the island except Jeffs, who was away from the camp at the time the relief expedition arrived.

They left him a plentiful supply of food, and when they were landed in Guayaquil the captain of the ship notified a Mrs. Claridge, of Norwalk, Conn., who is a sister of Jeffs, of her brother's misfortune. She sought the aid of Representative E. C. Hill, who sent a request to the department that one of the auxiliaries with the battle-ship fleet be sent to Indefatigable Island to rescue Jeffs.

GALLINGER BILL APPROVED.

Central Committee Expresses Appreciation for Gen. Burtt.

The central committee of the United Republican Club, of the District of Columbia, adopted a resolution favoring Senate bill 553, offered by Senator Gallinger, which provides for order and quiet at the election of delegates in the District of Columbia to the national conventions of political parties, and for other purposes.

Gen. Andrew S. Burtt was commended for utterances in the interest of the national Republican party, and particularly by expressions which reflected the numerical strength of the negro voters in the States of Illinois, Ohio, Indiana, New York, and West Virginia.

One speaker said that Gen. Burtt stood as high in the rank of the negroes' friends as any other man in the party, and that he is loved by the negroes even as Foraker.

John W. Patterson, attorney at law, Gen. Burtt's running mate as a delegate to the Republican national convention, also came in for a large share of praise. The constitution of the central committee of the United Republican Clubs was reported revised by the committee on revision subject to call by order of president.

Cavalry Drills at Fort Myer.

Every Friday afternoon, commencing at 2 o'clock, crack squads of cavalry and a battery of artillery give an exhibition drill in the riding hall. Visitors to this city are thus enabled to see the drills of the different arms of the service in one of the largest and best equipped United States military posts. By applying to the post adjutant at Fort Myer, seats will be reserved for visitors in order of application.

GEORGETOWN POOR SUFFER

Destitution Due to Lack of Work and Hard Season.

Many Cases Discovered by Associated Charities—Funds Needed to Cope with Poverty.

Because of recent discharge of the bread winner from employment, a family in Georgetown faces starvation, the man of the family walks the streets looking in vain for work, and the Associated Charities is hard put to it to keep the family alive.

This story was told yesterday afternoon to the meeting of the Georgetown district of the Associated Charities. In the telling it revealed a state of destitution and suffering among the poor of Georgetown that is absolutely appalling.

The agent of the organization, it was brought out, answered in person a frantic appeal from a young wife who wrote that she, her husband, and their two little children were actually starving and freezing to death.

The agent found all this true. A physician, called in, said the young husband had a bad case of tuberculosis.

The agent found a former Federal employe and his family in as bad a condition as possible, without food or fuel.

In like destitution a third family was found within the next hour, in which the mother has brought into the world fourteen children.

In each case, the man of the family has a trade, is sober and industrious, and wants work, but none has been able to find it.

Agents of the Associated Charities say that, in addition to being a hard season for the year for the poor, their sufferings have been augmented by the business and commercial depression. The lack of funds with which the organization is confronted makes it impossible for it to deal with the situation in an adequate manner.

Charles F. Weller, general secretary of the Associated Charities, when asked last night about the general conditions among the poor of Washington at this time, said:

"The conditions are truly lamentable. The cases you heard discussed at the Georgetown meeting are not isolated cases. There are many such in all parts of Washington."

"Of course, our aim is to help these people to help themselves, but when human beings are starving they must be given food. In addition to this expense, there is always an additional expense in getting work for them and in putting them on their feet."

"The degree in which we can cope with the situation, therefore, is largely due to the amount of our available funds. We need money, and we need it badly. This is especially true at this season of the year."

"The sufferings of the poor are indescribable. You can realize that no money, no work, and no resources are a fearful combination at this time."

"Any amount of money will help us, whether it be 5 cents or \$10."

NEGRO BRANDISHES KNIFE.

William B. Thomas Held on Charges by Woman.

Charged with having stolen three shovels from the Riley dairy farm, at Fifteenth and B streets northeast, and then threatening to harm the proprietress, Mrs. Margaret Riley, if she attempted to prosecute him for the theft, William B. Thomas, colored, thirty-seven years old, employed at the place, was arrested yesterday by the police of the Ninth precinct.

The negro is alleged to have chased Mrs. Riley about her home with a large butcher knife, threatening to kill her if she appeared in court against him. He is being held on charges of petit larceny and threats.

Housekeepers' Alliance Meeting.

Mrs. Mary Hinman Abel is to be the principal speaker at the meeting of the Housekeepers' Alliance on Friday next at 3 o'clock in the Public Library. Miss Alice Jacobs, head of the public school cookery in the District, is to take charge of a proposed class of alliance members for the study of household economies. A general invitation has been extended to all interested in getting better domestic workers, a better standard for work and wages, and more sanitary and better moral conditions for the workers.

DEFECT IN CREDIT SYSTEM

Much Paper Negotiated Not Bankable, Says W. C. Clephane.

Discusses "Some Irregular Negotiable Paper and Its Consequences" Before Bank Clerks.

The Washington Chapter of the American Institute of Banking met at the chapter rooms, 1214 F street northwest, last night.

W. McK. Stowell presided, and E. Percival Wilson, chairman of the entertainment committee, assisted.

Walter C. Clephane, vice president of the Second National Bank, and member of the District bar, spoke on "Some irregular negotiable paper and its consequences."

"Fifty per cent of the business of the world is done on confidence," said Mr. Clephane. "But if an investigation were made, a large part of the negotiable paper would be found to be not bankable. Persons signing a note should have actual authority, and not implied authority."

The difference between assignable and negotiable paper was then discussed. Mr. Clephane pointed out some pitfalls in the system of banking checks and drafts.

Roe Fulkerson gave "chalk talks," and Alfred B. Leet, assistant trust officer of the American Security and Trust Company, talked on "Trust development."

E. Percival Wilson, chairman of the fifth annual banquet of the American Banking Institute would be held at the Raleigh Hotel on March 7 at 7 p. m. Speakers for the banquet are John Sharp Williams, Senator Bailey, of Texas; Representative Denby, of Michigan, and Senator Taylor, of Tennessee. Dr. Wallace Radcliffe, of the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, will pronounce the invocation.

WILL OF MRS. MINNA WRIGHT.

Recommends Husband to Care of Heirs Under Last Testament.

The will of Mrs. Minna Wright, who died January 29, 1908, dated January 5, 1901, and a codicil dated January 1, 1905, were filed for probate yesterday.

The testatrix devised to her daughter, Mary Irwin Wright Gill, lot 11, block 9, in Forest Glen, Montgomery County, Md.

Dividends from the International Building and Loan Association of Washington, owned by the testatrix, are to be paid to a sister, Louisa Freelon, of Los Angeles, and three grandchildren—John Newton Wright, Jr., Albert G. Wright, and Minna Patridge Gill—each of the grandchildren to receive one-third of the stock on attaining their majority.

Stock owned by the testatrix in the Potomac Storage Company and the Washington Railway Company is to be divided equally among her children, Mary Irwin Wright, Gill, and John Newton Wright, and the grandchildren named. The remainder of the estate is devised to Mary Irwin Wright Gill and John Newton Wright.

Mrs. Wright recommends her husband to the remembrance of her children. That he is not mentioned in her last will and testament, she states, is because of disabilities which have long existed and which are permanent.

Mary Irwin Wright Gill and E. Quincy Smith are named as executors and trustees.

Accuses Him of Inebriety

Mrs. Luerssen Says Husband Is Incapable of Managing Affairs.

Wants Him Prevented from Disposing of Drug Store and Asks He Be Declared Habitual Drunkard.

Alleging that her husband, Arthur H. F. Luerssen, a druggist, is a habitual drunkard, and incapable of managing the business he conducts at North Capitol and F streets northeast, Mrs. Elma E. M. Luerssen yesterday filed a suit in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to enjoin him from disposing of it, and also asking the court to summon a jury to ascertain if Luerssen is incompetent to conduct his business affairs.

Mrs. Luerssen states in her petition that her husband purchased the drug store on February 1 last, but on account of his indulgence in alcoholic liquors has neglected it, and customers have been lost. She declares he is the owner of promissory notes worth \$500 not yet due, and states that unless a committee is appointed to take charge of his affairs, when he receives this money he will squander it.

She asks the appointment of a jury to determine whether her husband is a habitual drunkard, and also for an injunction to prevent him from disposing of any of his property pending the final hearing of the suit.

According to the petition, the couple have two children, one eight and the other two years old.

IN CHARGE OF MILITIA.

New Division Created in War Department Has Important Function.

Gen. Oliver, Acting Secretary of War, has issued an order creating in the office of the Secretary of War a division of militia affairs, which will be placed in charge of Col. Erasmus M. Weaver, assistant to the Chief of Artillery.

The jurisdiction of this new division will embrace all administrative duties involved in the following:

The armament, equipment, discipline, training, education, and organization of the militia; the conduct of camps of instruction and participation in the field exercises and maneuvers of the regular army; the mobilization and the relation of the militia to the regular army in time of peace; and all other matters not herein enumerated which do not come under existing laws, regulations, orders or practice, or come within the jurisdiction of the General Staff or any division or bureau of the department.

RAILROAD MAN DEAD.

O. Howard Royer, of N. & W. Railway, Victim of Heart Disease.

O. Howard Royer, of Roanoke, Va., died suddenly at 5 o'clock yesterday morning in his room in the Raleigh Hotel.

Mr. Royer was assistant general traffic manager of the Norfolk and Western Railway. His death was due to cardiac paralysis.

He had been attending a convention of the Virginia Traffic Association, which has been meeting in this city for the past few days. The meeting was discontinued because of Mr. Royer's sudden death.

The body was shipped to his home in Roanoke on the 4 o'clock train.

PHILLIP GOES ON TRIAL SOON

Clubman to Answer Charge of Murdering Cabman.

Defendant Out on Bail, Living in New York—Killing Alleged to Have Ended Night of Carousal.

It was announced at the District attorney's office yesterday that the trial of Gaston P. Phillip, the wealthy clubman and man about town, on the indictment which charges him with killing Frank B. Macaboy, the cabman, in the Arlington Hotel on May 18 last, would begin some time the latter part of this month.

It is expected that the trial will develop sensational testimony, abounding in incidents of the red-light district.

As indicated by the statement made by Attorney Henry E. Davis in July last, when Phillip was released on \$25,000 bond, the plea will be self-defense. Phillip's bond was furnished by his brother, Capt. J. Van Ness Phillip, and a sister, Miss Elizabeth W. Phillip. He is now residing in a country place owned by him in New York State.

Macaboy was shot by Phillip after an all night's carousal, about 6 o'clock in the morning, in the corridor on the fifth floor of the Arlington, near Phillip's room. Macaboy died that night at the Emergency Hospital.

There were no witnesses.

Run Down

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If you are all run down, easily tired, thin, pale, nervous, go to your doctor. Stop guessing, stop experimenting, go direct to your doctor. Ask his opinion of Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla. No alcohol, no stimulation. A blood purifier, a nerve tonic, a strong alternative, an aid to digestion.

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